

Unit 1 Blueprint

Name: _____

Section 1.1- English Documents /7

1. List two reasons why people came to the new world.

Fill in the Blank – You will use all of the words.

Parliament	English Bill of Rights
Magna Carta	Due Process
Common Law	Rule of Law

2. The _____ states that no one is above the law.

3. The _____ protected the rights of the people, including a trial by jury.

4. The _____ limited the power of the king and the government.

5. The _____ is the law-making body in England.

6. _____ is set by precedents (decisions made in the past).

7. _____ ensures that a person cannot be sent to prison without a trial.

Section 1.2- Philosophers /6

1. _____ had the idea of natural rights “life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness”.

2. _____ is credited with the idea of 3 branches of government and separation of powers.

3. _____ believed that all people were evil and that strong governments were needed to control them.

4. _____ believed that there was an agreement between the government and the people to exchange freedom for protection.

5. Who believed that if a person's rights were not protected that they should rebel?

6. Define Social Contract:

Section 1.3- Causes of the Revolution /14

- _____ 1. Prevented the colonist from moving past the Appalachian Mountains.
- _____ 2. Forced the colonist to house British soldiers.
- _____ 3. Colonist who were outraged at the Tea Act dressed up as Indians and threw the tea in the harbor to rebel.
- _____ 4. “Shot heard around the world”
- _____ 5. . A tax on tea that eventually caused the Boston Tea Party
- _____ 6. A pamphlet written by Thomas Paine convincing the colonist to declare independence.
- _____ 7. A series of acts that shut down the Boston Harbor and punished the colonist for the Tea party.
- _____ 8. A tax levied on all paper products especially legal documents such as marriage license and birth certificates.
- _____ 9. A war between the British and the French over land which caused massive amounts of war debt.
- _____ 10. A document written by Thomas Jefferson listing the abuses the British government committed against the colonist.
- _____ 11. British soldiers fired into a crowd of colonist after being taunted with verbal threats and snowballs.
- _____ 12. A tax on common items, it made it nearly impossible to boycott the tax.
- _____ 13. England's power was determined by how much money the colonies could make for them

Matching

- A. Boston Massacre
- B. Boston Tea Party
- C. Common Sense
- D. Declaration of Independence
- E. French & Indian War
- F. Intolerable Acts
- G. Lexington & Concord
- H. Proclamation of 1763
- I. Mercantilism
- J. Quartering Act
- K. Stamp Act
- L. Tea Act
- M. Townshend Act

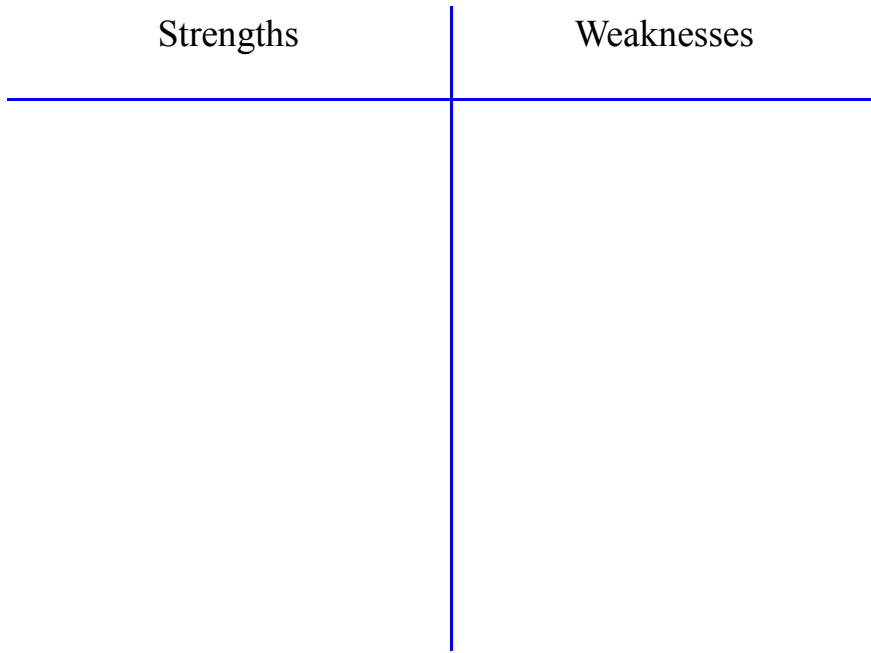
14. Explain why the colonists were upset about taxation without representation.

Section 1.4– Declaration of Independence /6

1. Who wrote the Declaration of Independence?
2. When was it signed?
3. Who was blamed the most in the document for the problems in the colonies?
4. List the 3 reasons why the colonists believed that a formal document was needed for independence.
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Section 1.5– Articles of Confederation /7

Complete the T chart below. Include at least 6 pieces of evidence in total.



7. Which event proved that the Articles were too weak?

Section 1.6– Compromises /7

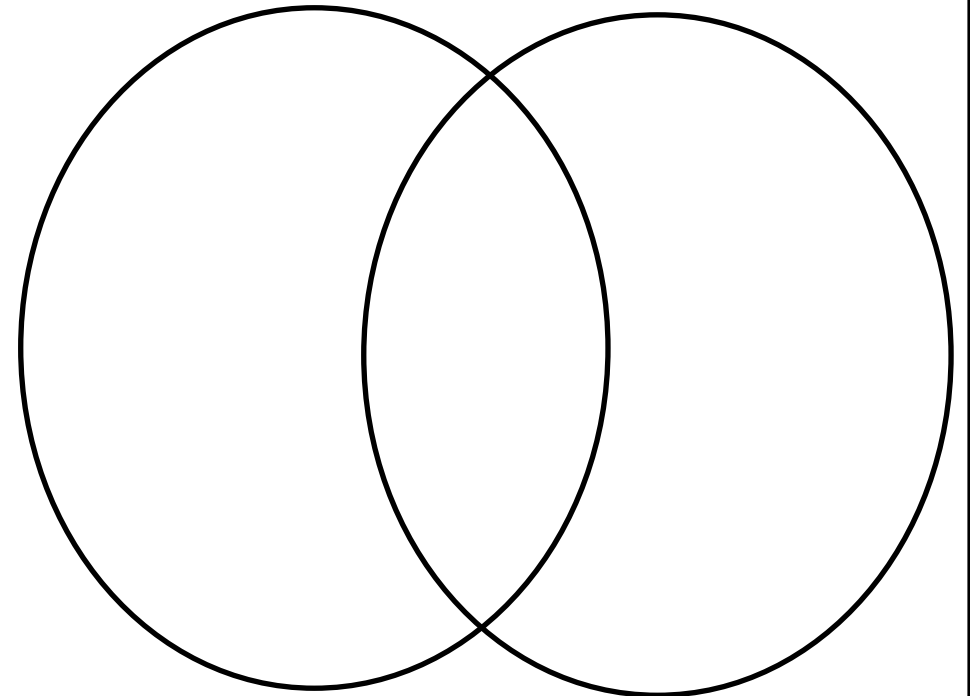
___ 1.	Electoral College	A. Representation by population
___ 2.	Virginia Plan	B. Representation by equality
___ 3.	New Jersey Plan	C. Compromise stops the people from directly electing the president
___ 4.	Great Compromise	D. Compromise that settled the issue of how slaves would be counted in the population
___ 5.	3/5 Compromise	E. Compromise that created our Congress (House of Representatives and Senate)

6. Which plan did LARGE states support?

7. Which plan did the SMALL states support?

Section 1.7– Anti-Federalists and Federalists /8

Compare & contrast the viewpoint of the **Federalists** and the **Anti-Federalists** concerning the Constitution. You must have 8 pieces of evidence in total and at least one piece of evidence in each section of the Venn Diagram.



Section 1.8- Bill of Rights**/10**

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|-------|--------------|--|
| _____ | Amendment 1 | A. freedom of assembly, religion, press and speech |
| _____ | Amendment 2 | B. A person can have a jury trial in cases >\$20 |
| _____ | Amendment 3 | C. must be tried by jury, no double jeopardy, pleading the fifth |
| _____ | Amendment 4 | D. no excessive bail or cruel and unusual punishment |
| _____ | Amendment 5 | E. no soldier shall be quartered in times of peace |
| _____ | Amendment 6 | F. right to bear arms |
| _____ | Amendment 7 | G. right to private property, must get warrant to search |
| _____ | Amendment 8 | H. speedy and public trial, right to confront witnesses, and get counsel |
| _____ | Amendment 9 | I. State's Rights |
| _____ | Amendment 10 | J. People's Rights |

Section 1.8 Ratification**/3**

1. What does ratify mean?
2. How many states were needed to ratify the constitution?
3. Which state was the last state needed to ratify?

Room for Improvement

Any questions that you still have?

Section 1.9 Principles**/7**

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|-------|--|------------------------|
| _____ | 1. Governmental power is limited even if a majority supports them. | A. Judicial review |
| _____ | 2. shared power between the state and federal government | B. Popular Sovereignty |
| _____ | 3. when the President (executive branch) veto's a bill passed by Congress (legislative Branch) | C. Limited Power |
| _____ | 4. divides power between legislative, executive, and judicial branch | D. Checks & Balances |
| _____ | 5. government power comes from the consent of the governed | E. Separation of Power |
| _____ | 6. Supreme Court can declare laws unconstitutional | F. Federalism |
7. What is the purpose of the Preamble?